



“Gheorghe Asachi” Technical University of Iasi, Romania



HEURISTICS FOR NOISE-SAFE JOB-ROTATION PROBLEMS CONSIDERING LEARNING-FORGETTING AND BOREDOM-INDUCED JOB DISSATISFACTION EFFECTS

Pavinee Rerkjirattikal^{1,2}, Tisana Wanwarn¹, Stefano Starita³, Van-nam Huynh²,
Thepchai Supnithi⁴, Sun Olapiriyakul^{1*}

¹School of Manufacturing Systems and Mechanical Engineering, Sirindhorn International Institute
of Technology, Thammasat University, Pathum Thani 12121, Thailand

²School of Knowledge Science, Japan Advanced Institute of Science and Technology, Ishikawa 923-1211, Japan

³Sasin School of Management, Chulalongkorn University, Bangkok 10330, Thailand

⁴Human Computer Communication Research Unit, National Electronics and
Computer Technology Center, Pathum Thani 12121, Thailand

Abstract

In mitigating occupational hazards, there is often a need to use administrative controls such as job rotation over a prolonged period until the hazards can be eliminated or mitigated to safe levels. This research develops a noise-safe job-rotation optimization model that accounts for learning, forgetting, and boredom effects. Our analysis focuses on the case of human-paced and labor-intensive operations, considering the trade-off between safety and productivity. A case of multi-skilled workers that have heterogeneous skill levels with varying problem sizes is used to demonstrate the model's capabilities. A genetic algorithm and a randomized greedy algorithm are developed and shown to be effective in solving large-scale safe job rotation problems. Our results also show how the boredom and forgetting effects create productivity delays when job rotation is used.

Keywords: heuristics, job rotation scheduling, job satisfaction, learning-forgetting, occupational hazards

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* Author to whom all correspondence should be addressed: e-mail: suno@siit.tu.ac.th