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## PHOTOAUTOTROPHIC PRODUCTION OF POLY-B-HYDROXYBUTYRATE (PHB) FROM CYANOBACTERIA: NITRATE EFFECTS AND SCREENING OF STRAINS

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### Abstract

The polyhydroxybutyrate (PHB) production by photoautotrophic cultures is a potential eco-sustainable process to produce bioplastics. The biosynthesis of PHB by cyanobacteria meets a twofold target: the use of CO<sub>2</sub> as feedstock alternative to the fossil resource used in the conventional processes; the contribution to the reduction of the CO<sub>2</sub> concentration in the atmosphere. This contribution reports results of a study regarding the optimal growth conditions for cyanobacteria to produce PHB under photoautotrophic conditions using 16h/8h light/dark irradiation strategy.

*Synechocystis* PCC6803 was selected as the model organism for optimization of the medium composition with respect to PHB production. Four culture media, characterized by different nitrate concentrations, were investigated: BG<sub>11</sub> (optimal nitrate concentration), BG<sub>1/2</sub> (half of optimal nitrate concentration), BG<sub>1/4</sub> (one fourth of the optimal nitrate concentration) and BG<sub>0</sub> (nitrogen-starved conditions). BG<sub>1/2</sub> proved to be the best medium to optimize the PHB production in terms of PHB fraction of cell (8% DCW) and PHB productivity (7g/Ld).

Five strains of cyanobacteria were then compared to select the best strain to produce PHB. *Synechocystis* PCC6803 and *Synechocystis aquatilis* were the best strains for PHB production. A PHB fraction and productivity of about 8% DCW and 7g/Ld were obtained for both strains. The production performance was promising when considering the free substrate (CO<sub>2</sub>) used.

**Keywords:** cyanobacteria, nitrogen-starvation, photobioreactor, polyhydroxybutyrate (PHB), screening, strain

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