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HYDROTHERMAL SYNTHESIZED TiO₂ BASED NANOPOWDERS FOR PHOTOCATALYTIC APPLICATIONS

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Abstract

Hydrothermal synthesis was used to obtain nanostructured TiO₂ based nanopowders. There were prepared pure and ZrO₂ doped compositions consisting mainly of anatase phase with crystallite size up to 20 nm. The agglomerates of the as-synthesized materials had dimensions ranging from a few hundreds nanometers to 200 microns. The investigations concerning the thermal behavior revealed the presence of an exothermal effect at around 550°C which could indicate a possible phase transformation of anatase to rutile but further studies are required. The photocatalytic properties of the TiO₂ hydrothermal nanostructured powders were evaluated in a photoreactor under UV ($\lambda_{\max} = 365$ nm) irradiation using methylene blue dye and the effect of H₂O₂ on the photocatalytic efficiency was tested. The results may be attributed to the presence of free radicals and holes generated in the anatase nanostructure evidenced by EPR spectra of nanopowders.

Key words: hydrothermal synthesis, photocatalysis, TiO₂ based nanostructured powder

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